SAFE TO WORK

Best Practices for Safely Reopening Business and Restoring Consumer Confidence

May 2020

Information provided by the Gallup McKinley County Chamber of Commerce in consultation with private business, commercial cleaning experts, and public health officials and reproduced to reflect Gallup/McKinley County Businesses.
As the voice of business in Gallup/McKinley County, we advocate for a return to economic activity in accordance with public health and safety and in conjunction with the New Mexico Economic Recovery Council’s strategies. Any business that can have employees work remotely is still encouraged to do so.

The following best practices are drawn from conversations with business owners and local public health officials. Business practices should be implemented in parallel with CDC and local and state Department of Health guidelines.

We urge policymakers at the local and state level to consider businesses that follow this criteria as part of the phased reopening of our economy. These guidelines are not exhaustive, nor do they encompass every industry, but rather represent a robust starting point for how general businesses can operate again safely, while protecting employees and customers.
Businesses should aggressively communicate their safe to work practices to their customers. Demonstrating that it is safe to work, safe to shop, and otherwise safe to do business once again will be key in the coming weeks and months.

Again, any phased reopening must be in accordance with sound public health decisions, and with proper safety protocols outlined here and by local and state health departments. More information from the experts and elected leaders may add to or alter these guidelines.

In support of the New Mexico Economic Recovery Council that will advise our Governor, Michelle Lujan Grisham, on strategies for gradually reopening New Mexico businesses in smart, safe, and an effective manner, the Chamber of Commerce stands ready to move our region and state towards economic prowess, while protecting against the spread of Coronavirus.
1) All on-site workers and customers have their temperatures taken prior to entering the building. Anyone with a fever [99.1 or above] will be denied entry and should return home. Always provide clear communications on your expectations for employees AND leaders to self isolate and stay home if they feel sick.

2) Employees wear approved masks, and safety glasses if needed. Consider providing "sneeze shields" at counters where customer and employee interaction may take place.

3) Breaks and lunches staggered in groups of 5 or less, and break rooms or common areas arranged so individuals are all at least six feet apart. Also consider breaks outdoors.

4) Create staggered or rolling employee work groups that work on different days, or a week on/week off team. This may slow your daily operations but will prevent “Cross-pollination” between groups and will enable long-term and persistent operations.

5) Every two hours, employees stop working and wipe down their work areas with sanitizing/disinfecting cleaning supplies and wash hands with soap and water for at least 20 seconds.

6) Regularly disinfect or sanitize all handles and flat surfaces in common areas, preferably with a substance approved by the EPA for fighting SARS-COV-2. Click here for that list.

7) Weekly on a non-working day or non-working time, disinfect building, emphasizing on high-traffic areas using EPA recommended disinfecting products / bleach or 70% isopropyl solution. We recommend using an established local janitorial service or a commercial quality disinfection system, for example, NoWClean (www.nowclean-nm.com/products.html).
1) Dining rooms should be sanitized with a sanitizer, bleach water mixture, or other commercial grade sanitizer before service, through-out service by a dedicated employee, and at the end of service. This includes all tables, chairs, door handles and any hard surface touched by the public.

2) Gloves should be provided upon request of the customer. Latex gloves may be provided, but Nitrile or Vinyl gloves should be available for customers with a Latex allergy. It is not required for customers to wear gloves but is strongly encouraged.

3) Masks and gloves shall be worn by all service staff. Gloves must be changed at the time limits set by the local and state health departments. Every 30 minutes is recommended.

4) Non-Signature methods of payment are encouraged. Where signature credit card slips, cash, and checks are used, these should be placed in a clean envelope delivered by the server to limit contact with the customer’s payment method. Checkbooks are not to be used (only single use disposable envelopes that are discarded when customer is finished).
Additional Practices: For Food Service Industries, like restaurants and bars

5) Credit cards should be handled as little as possible. Gloves should be changed frequently by staff handling the payment method. Cards and payment stations shall be sanitized after each use.

6) Kitchen and Service staff shall use gloves when handling ready-to-eat foods and must wash hands frequently and consistently. Guidelines from local and state health departments for safe food handling shall be followed at all times. Gloves are not required for foods that have yet to be cooked but are encouraged. Gloves are not required when handling dough in bakeries, pizza shops, or restaurants where it will be baked before serving to the public. If serving raw cookie dough, that has the potential to be eaten before baking, gloves must be worn while handling it.

7) Service Staff must have temperature taken before the shift and a log should be kept. Thermometers must be no contact or forehead thermometers. Infrared thermometers are acceptable.

8) Gloves should be available inside and outside bathroom doors, so patrons can put on a fresh set of gloves going into the bathroom and coming out of the bathroom. This will help maintain safe hard surface contact.

9) Cups, lids and straws will be available for drinks, but must not be out for the public to take. Paper products must be provided by the restaurant upon request and be kept where the public cannot have access to them. Communal type dispensers (i.e. napkin dispensers) cannot be available to the public. Single use dispensers are acceptable.

10) Plastic flatware must come pre-wrapped. Loose plastic flatware is unacceptable.

11) To go boxes, pizza boxes, paper cups, and any other paper product that touches food, must be treated as food. Any time they are handled, gloves should be worn to prevent bare hand touching, especially in regards to folding pizza boxes.

12) Ice is a ready-to-eat food and must be treated as such. Hands must be gloved when filling ice machines, and masks must be worn.
**Additional Practices: For Food Service Industries, like restaurants and bars**

13) Servers and service staff should submit to COVID-19 testing before being allowed back to work. In the case of a positive test, service staff should follow instructions given by the local health department before being cleared to return to work.

14) Ensure patrons not in the same party are more than six feet apart from one another. This can be accomplished by spacing tables out or by placing patrons at every other table, with the minimum required distance. In restaurants where customers seat themselves, tape should be placed at tables not to be used.

15) Playgrounds in restaurants should remain closed.

16) Restaurants with queues or lines should ensure social distancing procedures with visual or physical markers, and not allow more than 6 people in their waiting area at a time. A list should be kept, and names and numbers taken. Customers should then be asked to wait outside or in their cars. Text messages should be sent when their table is ready.

17) Menus, tables, chairs, salt-shakers, or any other objects used by customers shall be sanitized between each use. Single use paper menus and individually packaged condiments are highly recommended.

18) No more than 6 (six) individuals at any table, and large parties are discouraged.

19) All You Can Eat Buffets should have attendants to serve food. Social distancing should be maintained at all times.

20) Buffet Lines should be sanitized at all times. Single use plates should be used.

21) Table spacing is important at buffet dining rooms and should maintain a six-foot minimum between patrons not in the same party.

22) Buffet queues for payment should have six-foot gaps. A wait list should be made for customers in the event that the restaurant is full, and customers should be asked to wait outside or in their cars. When a table becomes available, customers should be sent a text to alert them that they are ready.
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These guidelines are not exhaustive but offer a valuable starting point for discussing how best to reopen our economy. More information will come out from state and local health departments. We will continue to foster dialogue among businesses, health officials, and elected leaders to ensure we get our businesses and our residents back to work in a safe manner. Please visit our website at www.thegallupchamber.com for ongoing information on these and other practices.

Bill Lee
C.E.O.

Multiple state orders researched by our staff on re-opening business