

MANDATE

Beverage Container Deposit and Redemption Law

Enacted: 1978 Last Updated: 2009 (Water category added)

BEVERAGE CATEGORIES & CONTAINERS

Beer

Malt

Carbonated Soft Drinks

Bottled Water (less than 3L)

Any individual, separate, sealed bottle, can, jar or carton containing a beverage:

Glass/Metal/Plastic

Excluded: HDPE containers

DEPOSITS & FEES

Deposit: 5¢

Handling Fee (HF): 1.5¢ for beer, 2¢ for other beverages

Unredeemed deposits: Escheated to state's general fund

REDEMPTION SYSTEM

Return-to-retail and redemption centers

Retail RVM locations: 250

Retail Manual Return: 27

Redemption Centers: 17

Material Owner: Deposit Initiators

System Administrator: Decentralized

SYSTEM MANAGEMENT

Clearing System: Decentralized

PROGRAM RESULTS (2015)

Total beverage container units sold: 3.2 billion (2.4 billion covered by statute)

Total recovered: 50%

TOMRA SYSTEM

Sales, Service, Material Recovery, Billing

TOMRA RVMs: 1,070

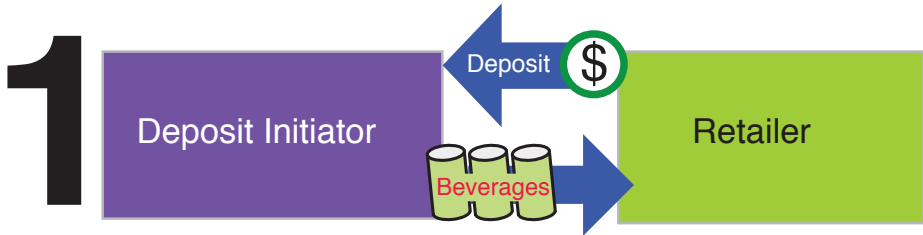
Connecticut

State of Connecticut

The **State** takes the unredeemed deposits held by the Deposit Initiator.

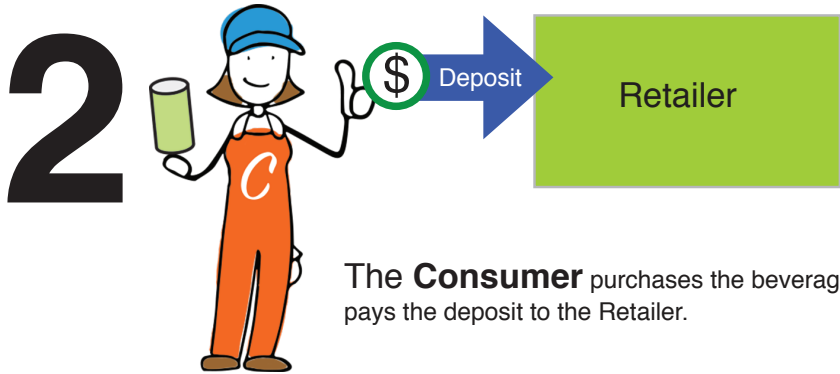
Data Clearinghouse

The **Deposit Initiator** manages the deposit data.



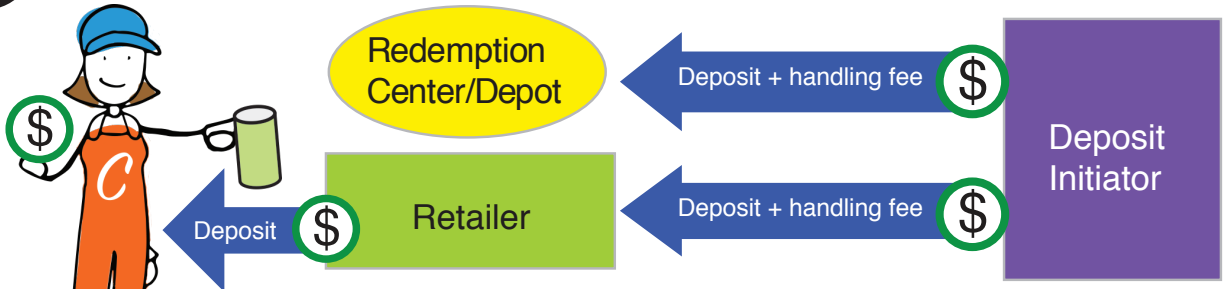
The **Deposit Initiator** sells beverages to the **Retailer**, who pays the deposit on each container.

The **Retailer** sells beverages in their stores, for the purchase price and the deposit on each container.



The **Consumer** purchases the beverage and pays the deposit to the Retailer.

3 The **Consumer** initiates the deposit refund process.



The **Consumer** returns the container and receives her deposit from the **Redemption Center or Retailer**.

The **Redemption Center or Retailer** returns the deposit to the consumer, and sends the empty container to the **Deposit Initiator**.

The **Deposit Initiator** returns the deposit to the **Redemption Center or Retailer**, along with a handling fee.

